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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/736,698	12/17/2003	Lan Chen	246696US90	5689
22850	22850 7590 10/25/2007		EXAMINER	
OBLON, SPIV 1940 DUKE S'		MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. VIANA DI PRISCO, GERMAN		CO, GERMAN
ALEXANDRI	A, VA 22314		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
			2619	
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			NOTIFICATION DATE	DELIVERY MODE
•			10/25/2007	ELECTRONIC

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)		
		10/736,698	CHEN ET AL.		
•	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit		
		German Viana Di Prisco	2619		
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address		
A SH WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	CORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAMES OF THE MAILING D	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tir will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become AB ANDONE	N. mely filed the mailing date of this communication. ED (35 U.S.C.§ 133).		
Status					
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 14 A	ugust 2007.			
,	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.				
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is				
	closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 4	53 O.G. 213.		
Disposit	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or				
Applicat	ion Papers				
10)	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) according a construction and a specific and a s	epted or b) objected to by the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Se ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).		
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119				
а)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicat rity documents have been receiv u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage		
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) ☐ Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D			
3) Infor	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) er No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of Informal F			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:
 - 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
 - 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
 - 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
 - 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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4. Claim1, 3,5 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al (United States Patent Application Publication No.: US 2006/0205358 A1) in view of Franchi et al (European Patent Application Publication No.: EP 1 381 180 A1).

Consider claims 1,3,5 and 7 Itoh et al disclose a packet communications system and method for carrying out packet communications between a base station 2 and a mobile station 1₁ located in an area controlled by the base station, the system and method comprising: a base station 2 and a mobile station 1₁ comprising a channel quality detecting unit (Receiving Quality Judging Unit 21 in figure 3 and Receiving Quality Estimation Unit 50 in figure 8) for detecting a channel quality between the base station and the mobile station; and a modulation scheme determination unit (Adaptive Modulation and Coding Unit 14 in figure 3 and modulation unit 52 in figure 8) for determining a modulation scheme to be used in the packet communications based on the channel quality and the buffered data amount(figure 1 and paragraph [0108]).

However Itoh et al do not specifically disclose a buffered data monitoring unit that monitors and detects the amount of data buffered in a transmission buffer of a sender.

In the same field of endeavor Franchi et al inherently teach a buffered data monitoring unit because the modulation scheme may be varied according to the amount of data buffered for transmission (paragraph [0004]).

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Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to detect the amount of data buffered in a transmission buffer of a sender in order to efficiently vary the modulation scheme.

5. Claims 2, 4 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Itoh et al (United States Patent Application Publication No.: US 2006/0205358 A1) in view of Franchi et al (European Patent Application Publication No.: EP 1 381 180 A1) as applied to claims 1,3, and 5 above, and further in view of Alastalo (United States Patent No.: 6,721,302 B1).

Consider claims 2,4, and 6 and as applied to claims 1, 3, and 5 respectively above, Itoh et al. as modified by Franchi et al. disclose the claimed invention but fail to specifically disclose that padding, which is added to the data buffered in the transmission buffer of the sender when the buffered data amount is less than a transmission unit size, becomes the minimum, based on the channel quality and the buffered data amount.

In the same field of endeavor Alastalo discloses reducing the amount of padding, which is added to the data buffered in the transmission buffer of the sender when the buffered data amount is less than a transmission unit size (data which is of a lesser length than the longest length data transmission is thereby determined), by selecting the modulation type based on the channel quality (received signal strength) and the

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buffered data amount (determination is made of the lengths of the data packets to be communicated), (column 3 lines 1-43).

Therefore it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to minimize padding based on the channel quality and the buffered data amount as disclosed by Alastalo in the method of Itoh et al as modified by Franchi et al. in order to obtain a larger throughput.

Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-7 have been considered but are most in view of the new grounds of rejection.

Conclusion

7. Any response to this Office Action should be **faxed to** (571) 273-8300 **or mailed to**:

Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to

Customer Service Window Randolph Building 401 Dulany Street Alexandria, VA 22314

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to German Viana Di Prisco whose telephone number is (571) 270-1781. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday 7:30-5:00 EST.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Ken Vanderpuye can be reached on (571) 272-3078. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

German Viana Di Prisco October 15, 2007

> KENNETH VANDERPUYE SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER